## UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI

Department of Physics and Astronomy GR II (Phys. 750) — Prof. Leo C. Stein — Spring 2020

## Problem Set 1

## **Due**: Tuesday, Feb. 4, 2020, by 5PM

As with research, feel free to collaborate and get help from each other! But the solutions you hand in must be your own work.

- 1. Construct explicit examples (giving coordinate maps) of the following types of maps between manifolds:
  - (a) injective but not bijective
  - (b) surjective but not bijective
  - (c) neither surjective nor injective; and
  - (d) bijective (but not the identity map, that's too easy!)

For each of these cases, pick for the domain and codomain any well-known manifold such as the real line  $\mathbb{R}$  or space  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , an interval [0, 1], an n-sphere  $S^n$ , Cartesian products of these, etc. (If you are using a non-standard coordinate system then explain the coordinates.)

- 2. Take the map (say it was called  $F: M \to N$ ) you defined in item 1a and compute the differential dF in the coordinates you used above. Use this differential to compute the pullback of any one-form from N back to M.
- 3. Let  $\gamma : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be a logarithmic spiral, so that in rectangular coordinates we have  $\gamma(t) = (e^t \cos t, e^t \sin t)$ .
  - (a) What is the pullback  $\gamma^* r$  of the function  $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ ?
  - (b) Find the matrix representing the differential  $d\gamma$  in these coordinates.
  - (c) Use  $d\gamma$  to find the tangent vector to the curve.
  - (d) Use  $d\gamma$  to pull back the one-form dr.
  - (e) Use  $d\gamma$  to pull back the two-form  $dx \wedge dy$ .